



The Bellbird Primary School 'Soaring to Success'

A policy for Teaching Spelling at The Bellbird Primary School

The English Curriculum 2014 sets out year by year a statutory programme of study for spelling, with associated (statutory) word lists. We follow these programmes of study. However, we also continue to use schemes such as the *No Nonsense Spelling by Babcock* where they complement the statutory requirements. Copies of the suggested Babcock teaching sequences are located in the PPA room and in the English folder on teams. The teachers in year 2 use the Little Wandle spelling programme for year 2 and is expected that year 3 will use this programme in September 2024.

It is expected that

All classes will be involved in explicit interactive teaching of spelling patterns, rules and strategies to help remember them.

We :

- Deliberately teach strategies of: sounding out; identification of words within words; syllabification/chunking; analogy; similarities with known words; spelling rules; mnemonics; visual memorising; and the identification of 'tricky' words or parts of words.
- Plan sessions which allow children to **investigate** spelling patterns and test hypothesis.
- Explain and display agreed mnemonics for common tricky words in Key stage 2. All teaching staff use the same mnemonic across the school.
- Involve all children in spelling activities, which will mean simplifying objectives for less able pupils and extending objectives for more able spellers, for example by setting more challenging investigations or inviting able groups to design and collect words to run an investigation with the rest of the class. The whole school mnemonics are saved on teams in the English folder.
- Encourage children to become more independent in attempting to spell words in their own writing.
- Encourage pupils to learn spellings at home and at school.
- Use dictation as a means of assessing learned spellings, but also to reinforce the children's learning of punctuation and sentence structure.

The Structure of Spelling Sessions in Key Stage 2

Three short sessions are taught over a week. Regular, short sessions work best. Teachers will use the Revisit Review, Teach, Practise and Apply and Assess teaching sequence across the sessions. Teachers need to plan in opportunities for the spellings being taught in these sessions to be reinforced throughout the day.. Across a term, some spelling objectives may be taught across a two- week period but in other cases there may be a single objective for individual weeks.

Home/School Support

Differentiated lists of spellings are created by the class teacher using the most appropriate Letterjoin font.

Lists of words are to be recorded in a look, say, cover, write, check sheet and this is sent home each week so that the children can practise writing their weekly list using the school handwriting font.

Children will be assessed using the suggestions in the Babcock Spelling programme including dictation exercises. During this, children will revisit spelling patterns taught in previous weeks.

Within a key stage, the class teachers will ensure that spellings are given out and children across a year group are assessed the following week on the same day.

Teachers share the spotlight words with parents via the weekly spelling sheet.

There is no expectation that the children learn how to spell the spotlight words.

Assessment and Monitoring

Once spelling patterns and high frequency words have been taught children are expected to apply their knowledge of these spellings in all of their writing. When a child has misspelled a word in their writing which they have already learnt or they have copied the word carelessly, the teacher uses the green highlighter pen to identify words which need to be corrected. The child is expected to self-correct the word. If it is not self-corrected then the teacher will write the word and the child will write it out at least 3 times. **Children should not be penalised for attempting to spell ambitious words.**

Teachers to use the outcomes of weekly dictation exercises and the accuracy of spelling in day to day writing to assess progress in spelling.

Teachers in years 3 – 6 use the NFER Single Word Spelling Test in September and in the spring term 2 to track progress and to assist with identifying pupils who need additional support.

The teachers in year use the half termly Little Wandle spelling assessments to assess progress.

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